

## Quiz 38.3

1. A baseball is thrown into the air and its height ( $h$ ), in feet, can be modeled by the equation  $h = -16t^2 + 40t + 3$ , where  $t$  represents time in seconds.

How many seconds will it take for the baseball to hit the ground ( $h=0$ ) after it is thrown into the air?

- a) 2.6 seconds
- b) 3 seconds
- c) 3.6 seconds
- d) 0 seconds

2. Suppose a model rocket is launched from a platform 3 ft above the ground and its height ( $h$ ) in feet can be modeled by the equation  $h = -16t^2 + vt + c$ , where  $t$  is the time in seconds after the rocket is launched,  $v$  is the initial upward velocity, and  $c$  is the starting height.

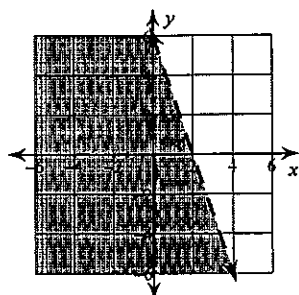
Write an equation that can be used to find the height ( $h$ ) of the rocket after  $t$  seconds if the initial upward velocity is 200 ft/sec.

- a)  $h = -16t^2 + 200t - 3$
- b)  $h = -16t^2 + 200t + 3$
- c)  $h = -16t^2 - 3t + 200$
- d)  $h = -16t^2 + 3t + 200$

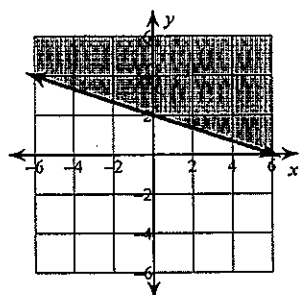
Sketch the graph of each linear inequality.

3.  $y \geq -\frac{1}{3}x + 2$

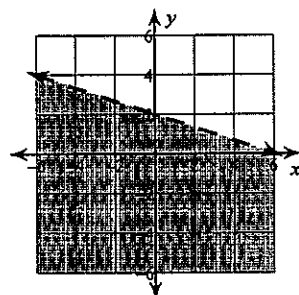
A)



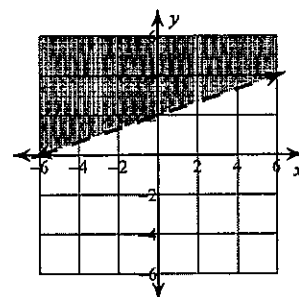
B)



C)



D)



Divide.

4.  $(2v^3 + 5v^2 + 27v) \div 9v$

A)  $\frac{v}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3v}$

B)  $4v^9 + 2v^8 + 2v^7$

C)  $\frac{2v^2}{9} + \frac{4v}{9} + \frac{4}{9}$

D)  $\frac{2v^2}{9} + \frac{5v}{9} + 3$