

Homework 5.1

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- 1) Bill spent \$14 on seven toy cars.

- A. Write an inequality that can be used to determine the maximum number of toy cars that can be purchased with \$9.75.
- unit price = $\frac{\$14}{7} = \2
- be $x = \#$ of toy cars bought

$$\boxed{\$9.75 \geq 2x}$$

- B. What is the maximum number of toy cars that can be purchased with \$9.75?

$$\begin{array}{r} 9.75 \geq 2x \\ 2 \quad 2 \\ \hline 4.875 \geq x \end{array}$$

Bill can buy
4 toy cars

- 3) Ming's Bikes rents bikes for \$18 plus an hourly rate. Lea paid \$33 to rent a bike for 5 hours.

- A. Write an inequality that can be used to determine the number of hours that Lea can rent a bike for if she has \$40.
- $r =$ hourly rate

\$18 + hourly rate
\$33 total
5 hrs

$$\boxed{40 \geq 18 + 3x}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33 = 18 + 5r \\ -18 \quad -18 \\ \hline 15 = 5r \\ \frac{15}{5} = \frac{5r}{5} \\ 3 = r \end{array}$$

- B. What is the maximum number of hours that Lea can rent the bike for if she has \$40?
- $x = \#$ of hours rented.

$$\begin{array}{r} 40 \geq 18 + 3x \\ -18 \quad -18 \\ \hline 22 \geq 3x \\ \frac{22}{3} \geq \frac{3x}{3} \\ 7.\bar{3} \geq x \end{array}$$

Lea can rent
the bike for
7 hours

Solve each proportion.

$$5) \frac{6}{8} = \frac{(7n-14)}{7}$$

$$6(7) = 8(7n-14)$$

$$42 = 56n - 112$$

$$+112 \quad +112$$

$$\frac{154}{56} = \frac{56n}{56}$$

$$2.75 = n$$

- 2) You purchase 3 boxes of envelopes for \$10.17.

- A. Write an inequality that can be used to determine the maximum number of boxes of envelopes that can be purchased with a budget of \$25.
- unit price = $\frac{\$10.17}{3} = \3.39
- $x = \#$ of boxes bought

$$\boxed{25 \geq 3.39x}$$

- B. What is the maximum number of boxes of envelopes that can be purchased with \$25?

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \geq 3.39x \\ 3.39 \quad 3.39 \\ \hline 7.37 \geq x \end{array}$$

$$7.37 \geq x$$

you can buy
7 boxes of
envelopes

- 4) You bought a magazine for \$5 and some 4 notebooks for \$16.

- A. Write an inequality that can be used to determine the maximum number of notebooks that can be purchased along with one magazine if you only have \$13.50.
- one \$5 magazine
\$16 Total
 $n =$ unit price of one notebook

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 = 5 + 4n \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline 11 = 4n \\ \frac{11}{4} = \frac{4n}{4} \\ 2.75 = n \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{13.50 \geq 5 + 2.75x}$$

- B. What is the maximum number of notebooks that can be purchased along with one \$5 magazine, if you only have \$13.50?
- $x = \#$ of notebooks bought

$$\begin{array}{r} 13.50 \geq 5 + 2.75x \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline 8.50 \geq 2.75x \\ \frac{8.50}{2.75} \geq \frac{2.75x}{2.75} \\ 3.09 \geq x \end{array}$$

$$3.09 \geq x$$

you can buy
3 notebooks

$$6) \frac{(x-6)}{9} = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$2(x-6) = 9(4)$$

$$2x - 12 = 36$$

$$+12 \quad +12$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{48}{2}$$

$$n = 24$$